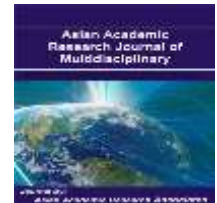




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STUDY ON PREGNANCY AND CHILDBIRTH IN WOMEN WITH CARDIOPATHY WHO HAVE UNDERGONE PREVIOUS HEART SURGERY

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Abstract

The effects of pregnancy on the mother's body are major also on the cardiovascular system through the totality of hemodynamic, hormonal and emotional changes. Management of pregnant women with cardiovascular disease during pregnancy, induction and management of labor, delivery and postnatal supervision require mixed groups of specialist cardiologists, obstetricians, anesthesiologists in order to determine the best strategies. In this context the definition of potential risk factors contribute to the increase of maternal and fetal safety degree. The aim of this study is the influence exerted by the type of cardiovascular disease (congenital, mitral stenosis), the way to end the pregnancy (natural, caesarean) and the period of time between the heart surgery and the year of patient’s delivery on the maternal prognosis defined as positive (physiological confinement, therapeutic disruption, abortion on demand) or problems (decompensation, death, thrombophlebitis in confinement fibrillation, heart failure, stillbirth, cardiac arrest, birth revived).

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